



Generative AI



**Generative Ai & Prompt Engineering Course
Offered By Cloud Vision Technologies !**



1. Introduction to Python

Basics of Python Programming :

Installation and Setup:

- > Installing Python and setting up a development environment
- > (IDEs like PyCharm, VSCode, Jupyter Notebooks)

Syntax and Basic Constructs:

- > Variables and data types (integers, floats, strings, booleans)
- > Basic input and output
- > Comments and documentation

Control Structures :

Conditional Statements:

- > if, elif, else

Loops:

- > for, while
- > Loop control statements (break, continue, pass)

Functions :

Defining Functions:

- > Parameters and return values
- > Scope and Lifetime:
- > Local and global variables

Lambda Functions:

- > Anonymous functions



2. Data Structures & Algorithms

Core Data Structures :

Lists:

- > Creating, accessing, modifying, and iterating over lists
- > List comprehensions

Tuples:

- > Creating and using tuples
- > Unpacking tuples

Sets:

- > Creating and using sets
- > Set operations (union, intersection, difference)

Dictionaries:

- > Creating and using dictionaries
- > Dictionary methods and comprehensions

Advanced Data Structures :

Collections Module:

- > defaultdict, Counter, OrderedDict, deque



3. File Handling and Data Processing

File Operations :

Reading and Writing Files:

- > Opening, reading, writing, and closing files
- > Working with different file modes (r, w, a, rb, wb)

Working with CSV and JSON:

- > Reading from and writing to CSV and JSON files using csv and json modules

4. Object-Oriented Programming

OOPs Basics :

Classes and Objects:

- > Defining classes and creating objects
- > Instance variables and methods

Class Variables and Methods:

- > Using class variables and class methods

Inheritance:

- > Single and multiple inheritance

Polymorphism and Encapsulation:

- > Method overriding
- > Private variables and name mangling



5. Modules and Packages

Modular Programming :

Creating and Importing Modules:

- > Defining and using modules

Packages:

- > Organizing code into packages
- > Importing from packages

6. Exception Handling and Debugging

Error Handling :

Exception Types:

- > Common exceptions (ValueError, TypeError, etc.,)

Try, Except Blocks:

- > Using try, except, else, and finally

Custom Exceptions:

- > Creating and raising custom exceptions

Debugging :

Debugging Techniques:

- > Using print statements and logging
- > Using debuggers (pdb)



7. Advanced Python Concepts

Decorators and Context Managers :

Decorators:

- > Function decorators
- > Class decorators

Context Managers:

- > Using with statement
- > Creating custom context managers
with `__enter__` and `__exit__`

Iterators and Generators :

Iterators:

- > Creating iterators using `__iter__` and `__next__`

Generators:

- > Creating generators with `yield`
- > Generator expressions



8. Working with Libraries

Scientific Computing :

NumPy:

- > Arrays and matrix operations

Pandas :

- > DataFrames for data manipulation
- > Reading and writing data (CSV, Excel)

Data Visualization :

Matplotlib:

- > Plotting graphs and charts

Seaborn :

- > Statistical data visualization

9. Testing

Unit Testing :

Unittest Framework:

- > Writing and running tests
- > Test fixtures and test suites

Pytest:

- > Advanced testing with pytest



GENERATIVE AI

GenAI and It's Industry Applications :

- > Introduction to Generative AI
- > AI vs ML vs DL vs NLP vs Generative AI
- > Generative AI principles
- > What is the role of ML in Gen-AI
- > Different ML techniques (Supervised, Unsupervised, Semisupervised
- > & Reinforcement Learning)
- > Applications in various domains
- > Ethical considerations

NLP & Deep Learning :

- > NLP essentials
- > Basic NLP tasks
- > Different text classification approaches
- > Frequency based - Bag of words, TF-IDF, N-gram.
- > Distribution Models – CBOW, Skipgram (Traditional approaches) and word2vec, Glove.
- > Ensemble Methods (Random Forest, Gradient Boosting, AdaBoost) &
- > Traditional Machine Learning Models – Naïve Bayes, Support Vector
- > Machine (SVM), Decision Trees, Logistic Regression.
- > Deep learning techniques – CNNs, RNNs, LSTMs, GRU and Transformers



Generative AI Models :

- > Autoencodes
- > VAE's and applications
- > GAN's and it's applications
- > Different types of GAN's and applications

Language Models & Transformer Models :

- > Different types of Language models
- > Applications of Language models
- > Transformers and its architecture
- > BERT, RoBERTa, GPT variations
- > Applications of transformer models

Prompt Engineering :

- > What is Prompt Engineering
- > What are the different principles of Prompt Engineering
- > Types of Different Prompt Engineering Techniques
- > How to Craft effective prompts to the LLMs
- > Priming Prompt
- > Prompt Decomposition



Large Language Models :

- > Generative AI lifecycle
- > What is RLHF
- > LLM pre-training and scaling
- > Different Fine-Tuning techniques

LLM's Embeddings :

- > What are word embeddings
- > What is the use of word embeddings, where we can use it?
- > Word Embeddings – Word2Vec, GloVe and FastText
- > Contextual Embeddings – ELMo , BERT and GPT
- > Sentence Embeddings – Doc2Vec, Infersent, Universal Sentence
- > Encoder
- > Subword Embeddings – BPE(Byte Pair Encoding), Sentence Piece
- > Usecase of Embeddings.



Different Chunk Metrics :

- > What is Chunking
- > What is the use of chunking the document
- > What are the traditional effective chunking techniques
- > What are the problems and limitations with traditional chunking techniques?
- > How to overcome the limitations of Traditional chunking

Advanced Chunking Techniques:

1. Character Splitting
2. Recursive Character Splitting
3. Document based Chunking
4. Semantic Chunking
5. Agentic Chunking

RAG and Advanced RA with Langchain :

- > What is RAG
- > What are the main components of RAG
- > High level architecture of RAG
- > How to Build RAG using external data sources
- > Advanced RAG



Langchain for LLMs :

- > What is Langchain
- > What are the core concepts of Langchain
- > Components of Langchain
- > How to use Langchain agents

Vector Databases :

- > LlamaIndex
- > What are Vector Databases
- > Why do we prefer Vector Databases over Traditional Databases
- > Different Types of Vector Databases: OpenSource and Close Source
- > OpenSource: Chroma DB, Weaviate, Faiss, Qdrant
- > Close-Source Vector Databases: Pinecone, ArangoDB, Cloud-Based Solutions

Finetuning LLMs :

- > Supervised Finetuning
- > Repurposing-Feature Extraction
- > Advanced techniques in Supervised Finetuning -PEFT -LoRA, QLoRA



LLMs Evaluation :

Text based LLMs

Automatic Evaluation: BULE Score, ROUGE Score, METEOR, BERT Score.

Human Evaluation: Coherence, Factuality, Originality, Engagement

Image based LLMs

Automatic Evaluation: Pixel-level metrics, FID (Frechet Inception IS (Inception Score), Perceptual Quality Metrics, Diversity Metrics.

Human Evaluation: Photorealism, Style, Creativity, Cohesiveness

Audio generation LLMs

Automatic Evaluation: FAD (Frechet Audio Distance), IS (Inception Score), Perceptual Quality Metrics – PAQM, PAQM – SNR (Signal-toNoise Ratio), PAQM – PESQ (Perceptual Evaluation of Speech Quality)

Human Evaluation: Perceptual Quality – PQ, PQ- Naturalness, PQFidelity, PQ- Musicality, Task Specific Evaluation.

Video Generation LLMs:

Automatic Evaluation: FVD (Frechet Video Distance), Inception Score(IS), Perceptual Quality Metrics, Motion Based Metrics – Optical Flow Error, Content-Specific Metrics.

Human Evaluation: Visual Quality, Temporal Coherence, Content Fidelit.



LLMops :

- > Model Deployment and Management
- > Scalability and Performance Optimization
- > Security and Privacy
- > Monitoring and Logging
- > Cost Optimization
- > Model Interpretability and Explainability.

LLM's on Cloud :

- > Amazon Bedrock, Azure OpenAI

Different AI Tools :

- > ChatGPT, Gemini, Copilot



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